



Transitional Demobilization and Reintegration Program

QUARTERLY REPORT

January - March 2012



HIGHLIGHTS

- January 24 conference “Consolidating Peace after Conflict: the Future of DDR” shed light on the World Bank’s achievements in DDR through the two large partnerships it managed (MDRP and TDRP), and discussed how the evolving nature of conflict is changing DDR
- Sharp increase in disbursements due to D&R operations in CAR and Rwanda
- Enhanced communications and visibility through a revamped website and newsletter

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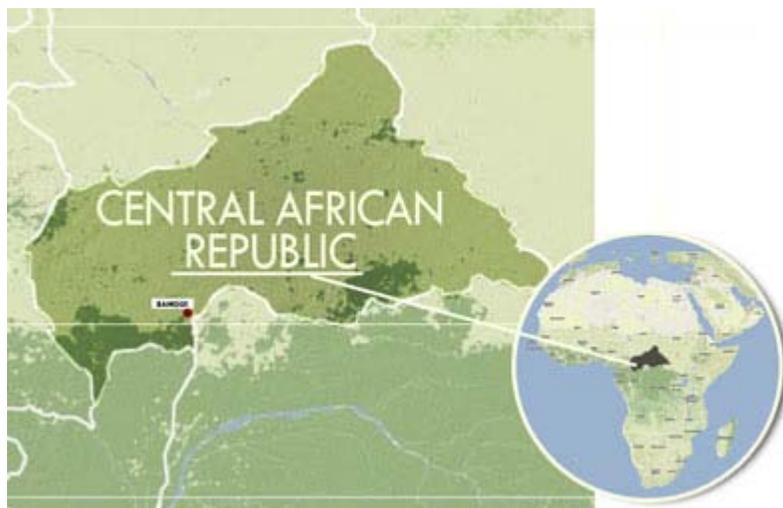
Annex

I. Program Activities

A. FINANCING OF D&R OPERATIONS

Central African Republic – Community Reintegration Project

TDRP grant: \$ 8.65 million



Throughout the quarter, the TDRP team continued to oversee the implementation of the NGO-executed Community Reintegration Project. Following a supervision mission that took place in December 2011 and helped to identify the source of disbursement delays, the team was able to address most outstanding issues in January and February. As a result, disbursements got underway in mid-February and increased

rapidly through the quarter. By end March, disbursements for the project stood at over \$2.4 million (28%).

Despite delays in disbursements, the project had been operationally since early December thanks to previously negotiated retroactive financing clauses. As a result, the four implementing NGOs were able to hire staff, deploy assets in the field and start the procurement of seeds, tools and construction materials. Certain activities were held up due to increased insecurity in some project areas, namely in the North Center of the country, but the situation has improved in past weeks.

With capacity development and project management activities well underway, implementing agencies will begin the distribution of seeds and tools to meet the needs of the upcoming agricultural season and undertake the first infrastructure rehabilitations in the coming semester.

Rwanda – 2nd Emergency demobilization and Reintegration Project

IDA: \$8 million; Gov. of Rwanda: \$2 million; Multi-donor trust fund: \$4.6 million; TDRP grant: \$4.5 million

An implementation support mission for the Second Emergency Demobilization and Reintegration project (SEDRP) took place in February-March 2012 to follow up on recommendations of the last mission of October-November 2011 and to assess implementation progress.



Demobilization and reinsertion components are progressing well, with a recent increase in the demand for demobilization.

Reintegration Component: Economic and social reintegration activities are progressing well. Support to cooperatives through training and learning tours has taken off during the last three months. The project continues to implement many initiatives aimed at facilitating reconciliation at the local level. In February-March, the project

organized and implemented a soccer tournament with seven teams, including both ex-combatants and community members from all over the country. The tournament benefitted from wide media coverage and contributed to the social reintegration of ex-combatants and their peaceful cohabitation within communities.



The final game opposed Rusizi to Kigali on March 2

Support to vulnerable groups: The project continues to provide quality tailored services to vulnerable groups including women, children, and disabled ex-combatants, and through Vulnerability Support Window benefits. The project has identified and hired a service provider for the provision of prosthetics to disabled ex-combatants. Prosthetics are now in the process of being delivered to beneficiaries.



The players of the Kigali team celebrate their 5-1 victory

Mainstreaming of program activities: The project has successfully addressed the challenge of mainstreaming ex-combatants into national social services. With the technical assistance of IDA and the TDRP, the project has started to implement a

pilot program for four sub-components, building the capacity of line ministries to absorb identified relevant activities after the closing date of the project, and progressing towards the establishment of an exit strategy.

B. REGIONAL ACTIVITIES

African Union DDR Capacity Program

In mid-January, the TDRP manager and Senior DDR adviser visited the African Union Peace and Security Department (PSD) to continue implementing the TDRP support to the AU DDR Capacity Program (AU DDRCP). During the mission, final arrangements were agreed for the February seminar with representatives of Regional Economic Communities (RECs) and Regional Mechanisms (RMs) for Conflict prevention, management and resolution. Considering the extension of the TDRP closing date to end 2013, the support offered to the AU DDRCP was also extended to June 2013.

On February 21 and 22, an initial consultation with RECs and RMs was held in Addis Abeba, jointly convened by the African Union PSD, the UN Office to the African Union (UNOAU) and the TDRP. The meeting gathered 30 participants and aimed at presenting the objectives of the AU DDRCP and the initial outline of its Program Document. Participants contributed their experience with DDR in their respective regions and provided input to the Program Document, which will be drafted jointly by the AU and the TDRP by June 2012. A validation seminar will then be held with the same representatives of RECs and RMs in late September, preceding the official launch of the AU DDRCP in January 2013.



Participants in the DDRnet seminar during a break-out session

On February 23, the TDRP organized a seminar on “Sustainable reintegration of ex-combatants: shadow economies and cross-border trade”. Besides the participants already present for the AU DDRCP consultation, the TDRP invited donor representatives in Addis and other UN colleagues. The seminar was the second in the series on sustainable reintegration and shadow economies. The presentations covered foreign

armed groups in the DRC and their exploitation of natural resources, the reintegration results and lessons from MDRP and TDRP, assessing reintegration in unstable and informal economies in the DRC, CAR and South Sudan, the impact of the war economy in the COMESA region, and cross border trade between DRC and its neighbors. A rapid evaluation at the end of the seminar showed that 90% of those in attendance considered their participation valuable. Seminar presentations and papers are available here: [Feb. 23 seminar](#)

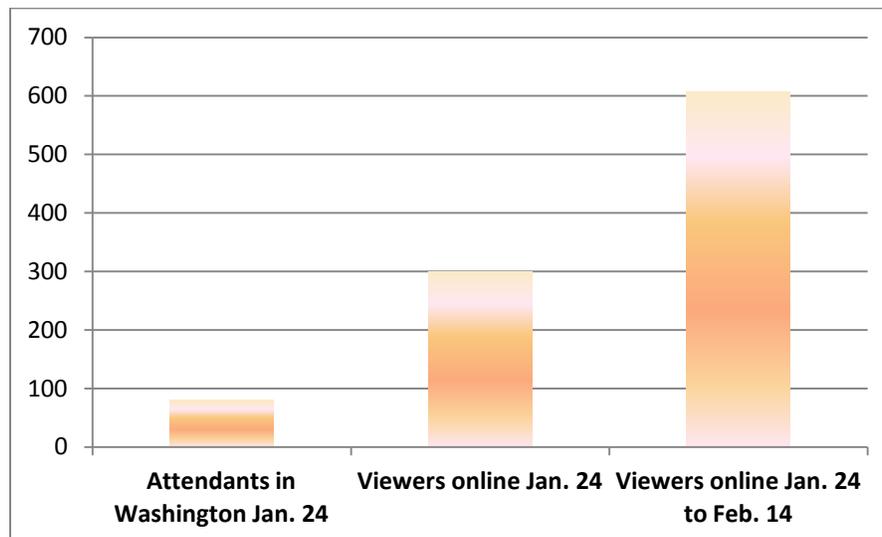
On March 18, three high level officials from the Peace and Security Department of the African Union traveled to Oslo, Norway, to attend a week-long training on [DDR Planning](#) offered by

NODEFIC (the Norwegian Defence International Center). A fourth AU official was unable to travel.

Facility for Quality Enhancement and Innovation

Conference “Consolidating Peace after Conflict: the Future of DDR”

On January 24, the TDRP organized a conference in Washington DC on the theme “Consolidating peace after conflict”. The event was attended by about 80 participants in Washington, both from the World Bank and external partners (including donors). It was also broadcast live on the World Bank livestream channel, which increased attendance almost fourfold. The link to the conference video was viewed by more than 600 people in the three weeks following the event. In order of importance, the viewers were from the United States, Sudan, Ethiopia, Uganda, France, Sierra Leone, Tunisia, Cameroon, DRC, and Kenya. The conference was advertized on Facebook and online questions and comments were moderated throughout the day.



Jan. 24 TDRP Conference: Attendance at event and viewership online

The conference highlighted the World Bank's activities in DDR operations since the early 1990s and discussed the changing role that the Bank and other partners faced as the nature of conflict and violence evolves. Findings from several new studies in Burundi, Uganda, the Democratic Republic of Congo and the Republic of Congo were presented to deepen the understanding of the DDR experience there. Grevisse Ditend, Chief of the DDR Unit in the Democratic Republic of Congo, noted the changing role of the Bank from a mere financier of DDR to a "knowledge and know-how donor".

All papers, presentations and video of the conference are accessible online: [January 24 conference.](#)

Technical Assistance

Burundi

The FQEI team provided on-line support to the M&E team in Burundi upon request.

Rwanda

The FQEI team participated in the support mission of the 2nd Emergency Demobilization and Reintegration Program with the World Bank team. The support covered all aspects of reintegration activities and monitoring & evaluation (M&E), with a special focus on the Management Information System (MIS). Following TDRP support, the MIS department of the RDRC resolved issues pertaining to data management and has now established a centralized and harmonized database. The FQEI team also provided support to the mainstreaming component of the SEDRP.

Central Africa Republic

Beyond operational capacity in the form of the Community Reintegration Project, the TDRP has continued to develop a technical assistance strategy in support of the national DDR process, which has struggled to attract significant funding and has lacked clear direction. Following consultations with stakeholders, the TDRP decided to co-finance part of the assessment and appraisal work being undertaken by BINUCA.

Specifically, the TDRP took preparatory steps to hire three consultants who will work with BINUCA on the preparation of a reinsertion and reintegration project for which funding is currently being sought from the broader international community. These consultants are expected to be on the ground by the end of April. Simultaneously, the TDRP and its consultants continued to work with the Government of CAR and encourage open dialogue amongst political groups and actors –without which the DDR process will continue to struggle.

Democratic Republic of Congo

- A TDRP team visited DRC in February to initiate the work for the Implementation Completion Report (ICR) of the Emergency Demobilization and Reintegration operation that closed in September 2011. The team carried out interviews with stakeholders and reviewed documentation. The draft ICR was reviewed during an internal meeting on March 14 and following incorporation of comments, was completed and officially submitted on March 29.
- The preparation of a project to support MONUSCO's DDRRR activities in the DRC was revised to be practical and faster. Instead of a project, the TDRP developed a new approach using direct technical assistance to MONUSCO and direct contracting. The team developed a plan with four dimensions:
 1. Support to the current staff of MONUSCO DDRRR (a coordinator for LRA activities, a liaison officer, an M&E officer and an operation officer)
 2. Support to build MONUSCO's capacity in psychosocial support for former combatants
 3. Support to communication activities
 4. Support to population affected by the violence of the LRA in Province Orientale.

- As part of the continued support to the PNNDR in DRC, the TDRP contributed to an AfDB supervision mission to eastern DRC from March 12 to 19. The mission visited the pilot farms in Nyongera, Loda and Diango and also included staff from the UEPNDDR, Ministry of Defense and Ministry of Agriculture. Nyongera farm activities are well advanced. In order to boost Loda and Dinago farms activities, a restructuration plan was set up. Local authorities are collaborating beyond the initial expectation, which was well appreciated by the mission.

Republic of Congo

The TDRP continued to provide technical support to the *Haut Commissariat à la réintégration des ex-combattants* (HCREC) in the preparation of the project to support the consolidation of peace in the Pool Region. The project will promote sustainable social and economic development in that region through improvement of livelihoods and access to basic services. A TDRP mission to RoC in early January helped to prepare the project concept and to identify the main activities and beneficiaries. A second mission in late March contributed to gather missing information and finalize the project paper. Several field visits to the Pool were undertaken to meet with potential implementing partners and potential beneficiaries.

The project would target directly about 8,000 households in the Pool (translating into about 40,000 persons). It will support local associations (profit and non-profit), small enterprises and other stakeholders participating in project implementation. The project will work in about 55 locations in the districts of Kinkala, Mindouli, Goma Tse Tse, Louingui and Louomo. These districts host a relatively important number of people who directly participated in, or were affected by, the conflict: self demobilized ex-combatants, Ninjas, discharged militias and local population. The expected project outcomes are as follows:

- Communities with improved access to basic services and living conditions
- Improved livelihoods and income for 6500 households by increasing the productivity of agriculture, livestock and fishing activities.
- Enhanced capacity of communities and Department authorities for the planning and implementation of development programs
- Capacity for project implementation, logistical support and audits established and in operation throughout the duration of the project and its follow-up.

South Sudan

On January 23, on the sidelines of its DDR Conference, the TDRP hosted a meeting on South Sudan to discuss the technical assistance for an Information, Counseling and Referral System (ICRS) being provided to the South Sudan DDR Commission (SSDDRC). The meeting was attended by the Head of the SSDDRC, representatives from most of the UN missions and a representative of the Bonn International Centre for Conversion (BICC).

A mission to South Sudan followed in February by a TDRP consultant who worked with a concurrent BICC-funded mission to draft an ICRS strategy for the SSDDRC. The mission sought to: (i) obtain an understanding of the ICRS program landscape and how this will feed into the overall Reintegration strategy of the South Sudan DDR Program (SSDDRP); (ii) conduct interviews with relevant line ministries and potential SSDDRP implementing partners; (iii) ensure that there is a comprehensive mapping of all the players in the SSDDRP, regardless of their possible connections to the ICRS and an understanding of their roles, in order to ascertain

how these might impact on the ICRS; and (iv) an overview of the current state of readiness in terms of the reintegration opportunities that may be required by ex-combatants. A follow-up mission in May 2012 will coincide with a mentoring mission of experts from other DDR commissions to the SSDDRC.

Foreign Armed Groups

On March 12, a meeting was held at the World Bank on the Lord's Resistance Army (LRA) at the request of the US and EU co-chairs of the International Working Group on the LRA. Participants discussed potential activities on the basis of a UN document titled "UN coordinated approach to DDRRR in areas affected by the LRA. The document highlights specific gaps in the DDRRR strategy in these regions of the DRC, CAR and South Sudan. The TDRP and World Bank confirmed their position to provide technical support to the relevant UN agencies under the auspices of the AU-led activities against the LRA. The AU held a meeting on these issues on February 28 in Addis Ababa to prepare the implementation of its [Regional Cooperation Initiative for the elimination of the LRA](#) and launched it on March 24 in Juba.

II. Program Management

TFC Meeting on January 25, 2012

The TDRP held a Trust Fund Committee meeting on January 25 in Washington DC. All donors but Italy were represented. The TDRP team presented the results of its activities over the past 6 months on D&R operations, technical assistance and regional activities, and the status of trust fund financials. Donors

The [minutes](#) of the meeting have been approved and are posted on the TDRP website.

Visit to the African Development Bank in Tunis

From March 19 to 21, the TDRP manager and Senior DDR Specialist traveled to Tunis to meet with colleagues at the African Development Bank. The objective of the visit was to assess the potential work in the areas affected by the LRA, following the communiqué 299 of the AU PSD, to present the AU DDRCP and consider how the AfDB could be involved, and to review AfDB and World Bank respective programs in CAR, South Sudan, DRC and the Republic of Congo.

The TDRP team presented its activities to the following units: human development, fragile states, regional department and partnership and cooperation.

Several areas of collaboration were identified and will be followed up in the coming months. In particular, the TDRP and AfDB agreed to:

- Evaluate how the AfDB could be involved in the development of the DDR Resource and Research Center as part of the AU DDRCP
- Exchange information about the proposed program to consolidate peace in the Pool region of the Republic of Congo
- Exchange information on the DDR situation in the CAR
- Consider a joint mission to LRA-affected areas to assess potential activities (as soon as a request from the AU is received)
- Plan joint learning events in late 2012/early 2013 on DDR.

Communications

In February, a new home page for the TDRP website was launched to make content more easily accessible. The new banner at the top of the page presents in rotation the five latest feature stories.



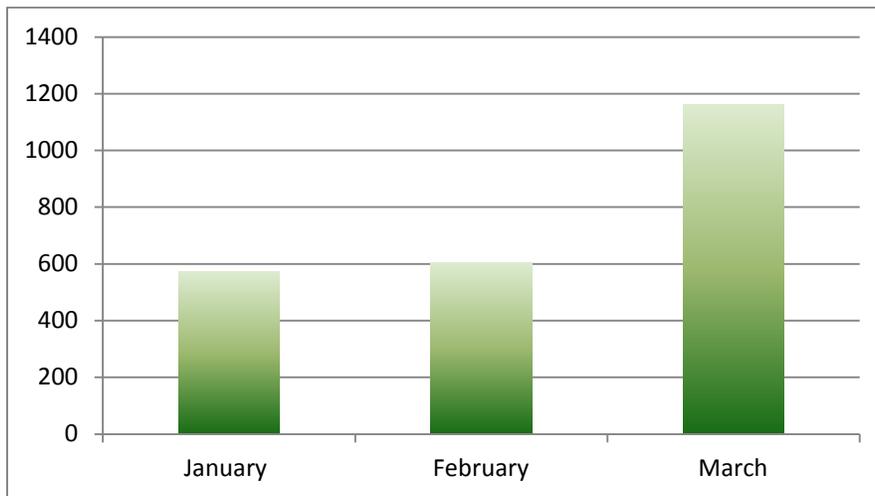
New TDRP.net home page

The TDRP monthly update, initially distributed as a PDF file to World Bank country teams, was revamped. It is now a web-based newsletter distributed by email to both internal (WB) and external audiences and also available on tdrp.net.

Here are the [February](#) and [March](#) newsletters.

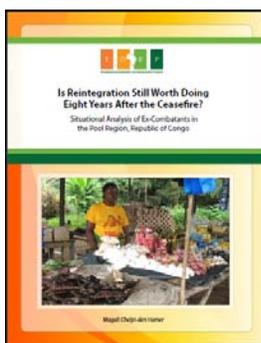
Finally a new video menu was added under “News” and two new videos posted: the first one is an audio slideshow on economic reintegration in [Burundi](#), and the second one is about the fair of ex-combatants in the [DRC](#).

These enhancements led to an increase in visits to tdrp.net from previous months. The January 24 conference, with online registration, contributed to this increase as well. But the statistics in March were influenced by an external event: the Kony2012 campaign launched by Invisible Children. The very rapid success of the viral video by the California-based NGO led many visitors to our site in search of the “LRA Diagnostic Study” published last June. That document was accessed 628 times in March only. It was also referenced in several blogs and news releases about the Kony2012 campaign.



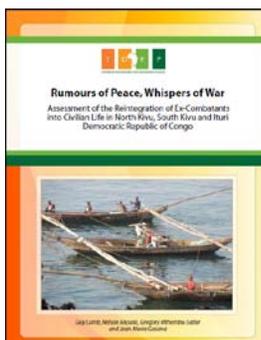
Unique visitors to www.TDRP.net. January to March 2012

In the first quarter of 2012, the TDRP issued three new studies:



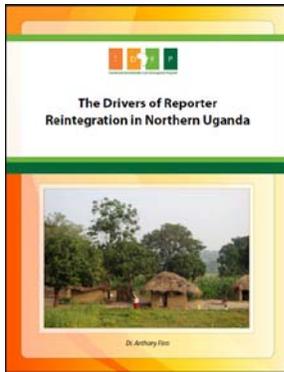
**Is reintegration still worth doing eight years after the ceasefire?
Situational analysis of ex-combatants in the Pool Region, Republic of Congo**

Magali Chelipi-den Hamer analyzes the evolution of the security situation in the Pool region, describes how ex-combatants are faring nowadays, reviews past DDR operations and makes recommendations for future DDR programming.



Rumours of Peace, Whispers of War: Assessment of the Reintegration of Ex-Combatants into Civilian Life in North Kivu, South Kivu and Ituri, Democratic Republic of Congo

Four researchers from the Institute for Security Studies (ISS) review DDR programming in the DRC, evaluate the current security situation in the three eastern provinces of Ituri, North and South Kivu, and how ex-combatants are adapting in their economic activities.



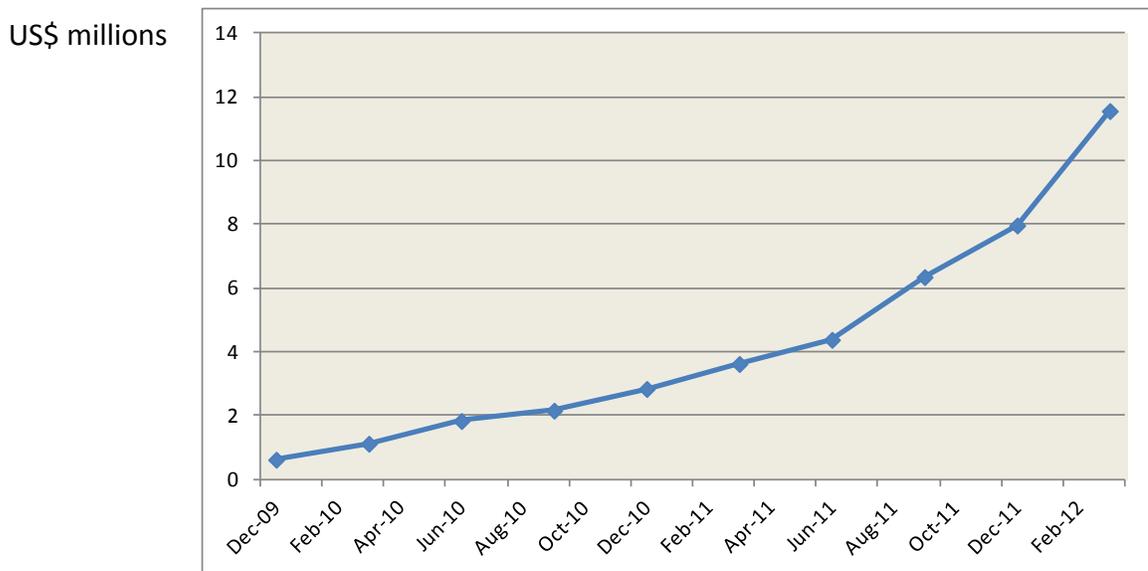
The Drivers of Reporter Reintegration in Northern Uganda

Anthony Finn analyzes what factors drive the reintegration of reporters in Northern Uganda, whether these factors are linked to DDR processes or not.

III. Trust Fund Status

At end March 2012, disbursements reached 38% of total receipts, a 12-point increase from the previous quarter.

Disbursements for the two D&R operations in Rwanda and CAR progress steadily. The grant to Rwanda is half disbursed (more than \$2 million of the \$4.5 million grant). Disbursements for the grant to CAR went from 0 to \$2.4 million in a few weeks.



TDRP Trust Fund Disbursements – December 2009 to March 2012

See detailed numbers on contributions, allocations and disbursements in Annex 1.

IV. Outlook for Next Quarter

The activities in the following table are some of the main tasks that the TDRP team will undertake in the next three months. They represent only part of the overall set of activities that the program implements under its objectives.

Activity	Date
Forum on results and lessons from the Uganda Demobilization and Reintegration Program - Kampala	May 2
Mission to South Sudan to continue technical assistance for an ICRS and mentoring visit by DDR technical specialists from other DDR commissions	May
Joint mission with UNDPKO/UNOAU to the AU Peace and Security Department to support the AU DDRCP and prepare the training component	May
Trust Fund Committee Meeting in Paris	June 25/26
Great Lakes Soccer Peace Cup: national tournaments in Burundi, DRC and Uganda	April through June

Status of main activities planned in previous quarter

Activity	Date
AU DDRCP - Implementation support mission (jointly with UNOAU and DPKO)	Done
Conference: "Consolidating Peace after Conflict: the Future of DDR" Washington DC	Done
Trust Fund Committee Meeting – Washington DC	Done
Seminar on the African Union DDR Capacity Program with AU's Regional Economic Communities – Addis Ababa	Done
Seminar: Sustainable Reintegration of Ex-combatants: Shadow Economies and Cross-Border Trade" – Addis Ababa	Done
Publication of TDRP studies on Republic of Congo, Uganda and DRC	Done
MONUSCO project processing	under process

The next quarterly report for the second quarter of 2012 will be issued in July 2012.

Annex 1. TDRP Multi-Donor Trust Fund Status

Contributions as of March 31, 2012

Contributions Details			
Donor	Trans. Curr.	Amount in Trans. Curr.	Amount in Hold. Curr.
Received			
AfDB	UA	14,000,000	\$22,280,860
Finland	EUR	2,000,000	\$2,912,400
Italy	EUR	500,000	\$705,300
Norway	NOK	10,000,000	\$1,726,162
Sweden	SEK	15,000,000	\$2,075,680
Belgium MDRP Suprlus	USD	\$405,399	\$405,399
Finland MDRP Surplus	USD	\$50,009	\$50,009
France MDRP Surplus	USD	\$76,658	\$76,658
Italy MDRP Surplus	USD	\$63,214	\$63,214
Norway MDRP Surplus	USD	\$253,562	\$253,562
Investment Income			\$418,713
Total Income to 31 March 2012			\$30,967,956

Allocations and Disbursements as of March 31, 2012

Disbursements Details			
Item	Allocated	Disbursed	Rate
Support to D&R Operations	\$16,540,000	\$4,503,882	27%
CAR Community Reintegration Project	\$8,600,000	\$2,439,560	28%
DRC MONUSCO Project*	\$3,440,000	\$0	0%
Rwanda Emergency Demobilization Project	\$4,500,000	\$2,064,322	46%
Support to D&R Regional Activities	\$4,184,252	\$3,015,597	72%
DDRNet	\$650,153	\$319,965	49%
Foreign Armed Groups	\$850,000	\$778,962	92%
Quality Enhancement and Innovation	\$2,684,099	\$1,916,670	71%
Technical Assistance Activities	\$2,905,146	\$458,601	16%
Africa Union	\$728,927	\$163,403	22%
County Programs and Knowledge Management	\$2,176,219	\$295,198	14%
Program Management & Supervision	\$5,711,431	\$2,967,469	52%
Program Management and Exit Strategy	\$2,845,916	\$1,878,112	66%
D&R Operations Preparation and Supervision	\$2,865,515	\$1,089,357	38%
Program Administration	\$400,000	\$311,988	78%
Trust Fund Administration Fee	\$305,492	\$305,492	100%
Contingency	\$520,000	\$0	0%
Total Disbursements 31 March 2012	\$30,566,321	\$11,563,030	38%
* funds to be allocated to support LRA affected areas regionally			